



**JERUSALEM
COLLEGE OF
TECHNOLOGY**
LEV ACADEMIC CENTER

Thinking Fast:

Patterns Of Cognitive Error In Software Engineering Education

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My (undergraduate 3rd year) courses

- Mandatory for Computer Science and Software Engineering students
- (1) Advanced Object Oriented Programming
- (2) Software Design for Engineers
- Content
 - Classical OO Principles and Design Patterns
 - UML
 - Executable modeling with OO Statecharts
 - System construction leveraging all of the above
 - Which is what makes the courses difficult for many students

Student Body

- ~300 Students
- 9 virtual campuses (culturally and gender segregated)
 - Distributed among 4 physical campuses

System 1

System 2



Thinking, Fast and Slow (Kahneman, 2011)

System 1

- Intuitive thinking
- operates automatically and quickly, with little or no effort and no sense of voluntary control.
- effortlessly originates impressions and feelings that are the main sources of the explicit beliefs and deliberate choices of System 2

System 2

- Rational thinking
- allocates effortful mental activities that demand it, including complex computations.
- believes itself to be where the action is, but system 1...
- there are vital tasks that only System 2 can perform because they require effort and acts of self-control in which the intuitions and impulses of System 1 are overcome.

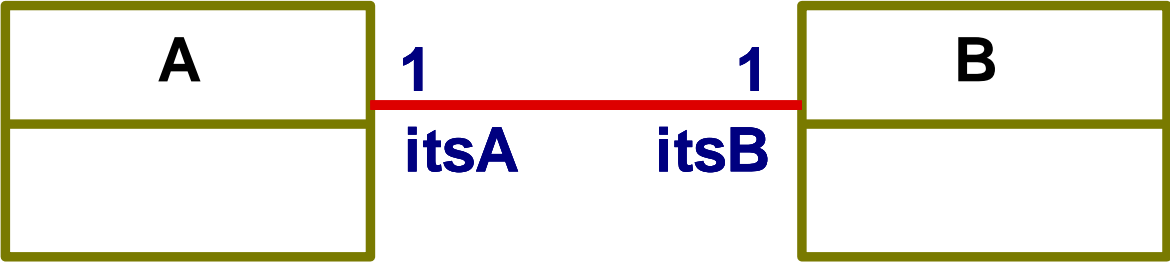
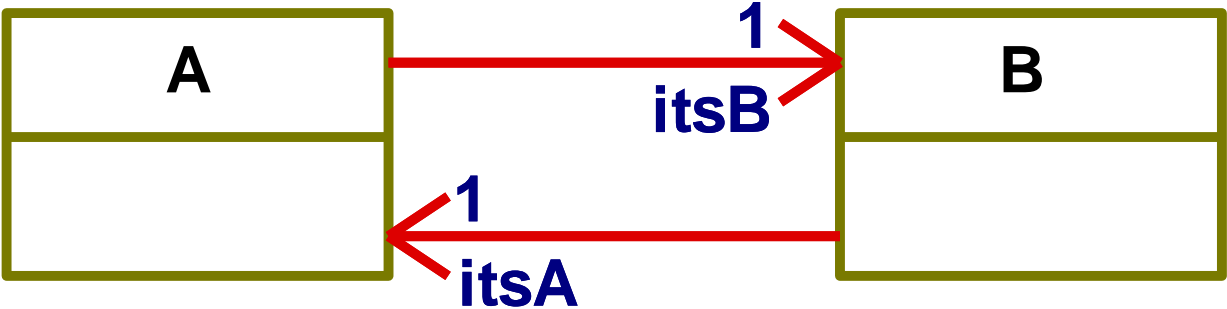
Law of least effort

- if there are several ways of achieving the same goal, people will eventually gravitate to the least demanding course of action.
- In the economy of action, effort is a cost and the acquisition of skill is driven by the balance of benefits and costs.
- Laziness is built deep into our nature.
 - priming
 - EAT->SO_P->SOUP and not SOAP
 - Emotions, unconscious thoughts, visual cues also prime
 - difficult question-> easier “heuristic” question
 - “how much would you spend to save an endangered species?”
 - ->”how much emotion do I feel when I think of dying dolphins?”

System 1->System 2



Reciprocity: Bi-directional association (UML)



Reciprocity (2)

// file A.h

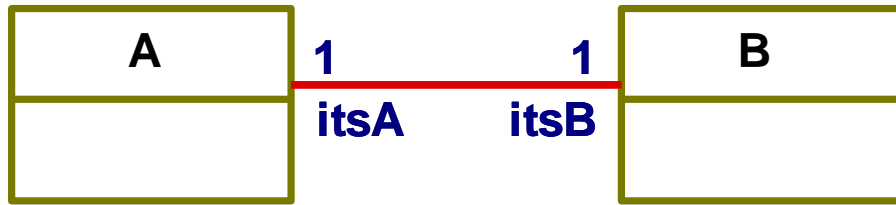
```
#ifndef A_H
#define A_H
☒ #include "B.h"
☑ class B;
class A {
public :
A();
~A();
void setItsB (B* p_B);
B* getItsB ();
protected :
B *itsB;
};
#endif
```

// file B.h

```
#ifndef B_H
#define B_H
☒ #include "A.h"
☑ class A;
class B {
public :
B();
~B();
void setItsA (A* p_A);
A* getItsA ();
protected :
A *itsA;
};
#endif
```



Reciprocity (3)



```
void A::_setItsB(B* p_B) {
    itsB = p_B;
}

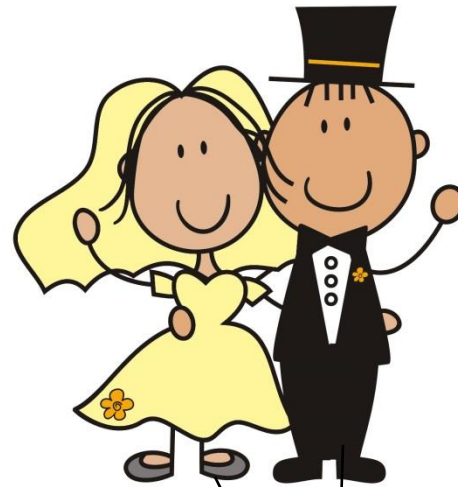
void A::_setItsB(B* p_B) {
    if(itsB != NULL)
    {
        itsB->_setItsA(NULL);
    }
    _setItsB(p_B);
}

void A::setItsB(B* p_B) {
    if(p_B != NULL)
    {
        p_B->_setItsA(this);
    }
    _setItsB(p_B);
}
```

```
void B::_setItsA(A* p_A) {
    itsA = p_A;
}

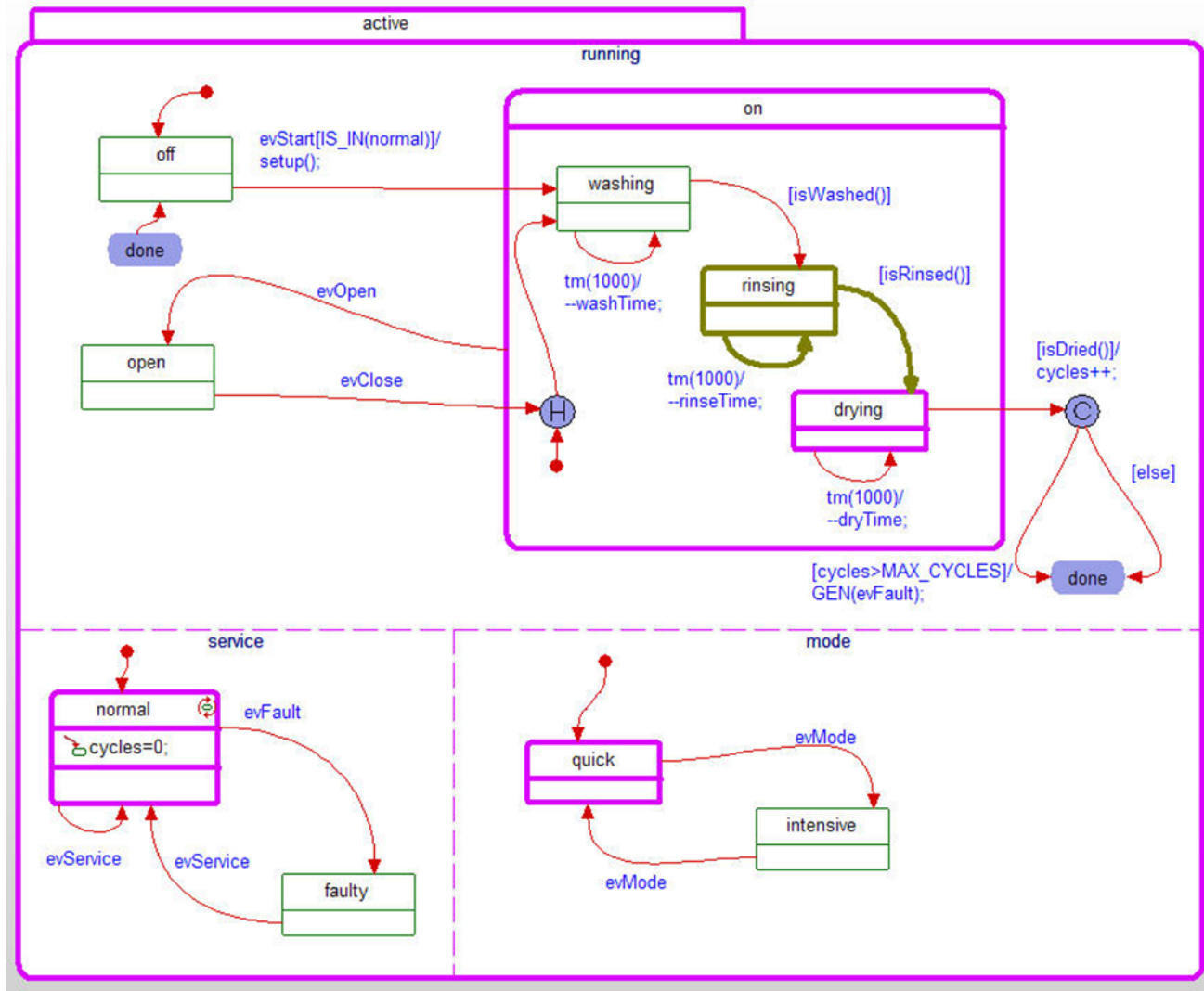
void B::_setItsA(A* p_A) {
    if(itsA != NULL)
    {
        itsA->_setItsB(NULL);
    }
    _setItsA(p_A);
}

void B::setItsA(A* p_A) {
    if(p_A != NULL)
    {
        p_A->_setItsB(this);
    }
    _setItsA(p_A);
}
```

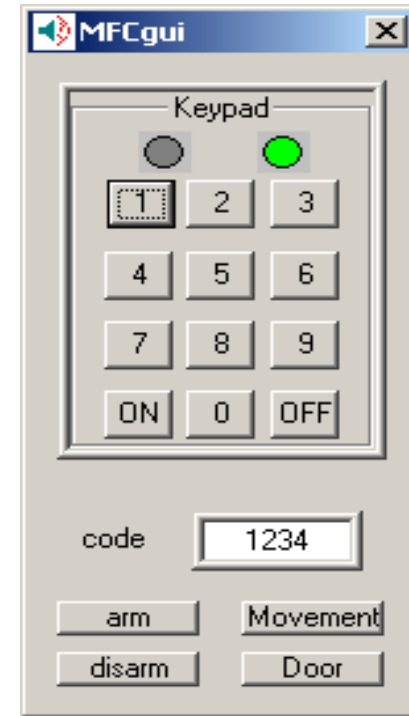
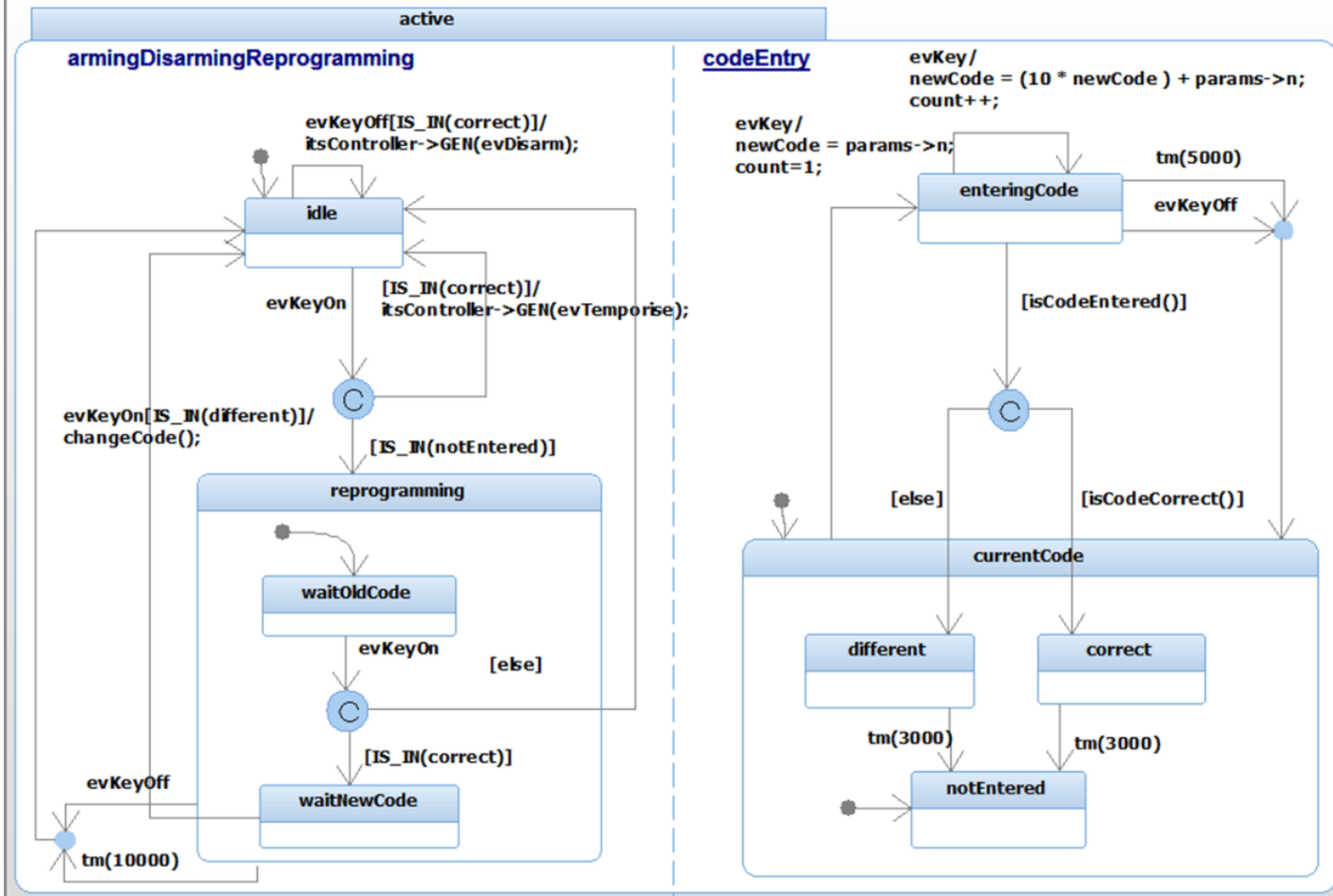


Reciprocity (4)

- What happens in the middle of a run, if we change duration settings {intensive, quick}?
- What happens if there is fault in the middle of a run?
- answer (???) WYSIWTI

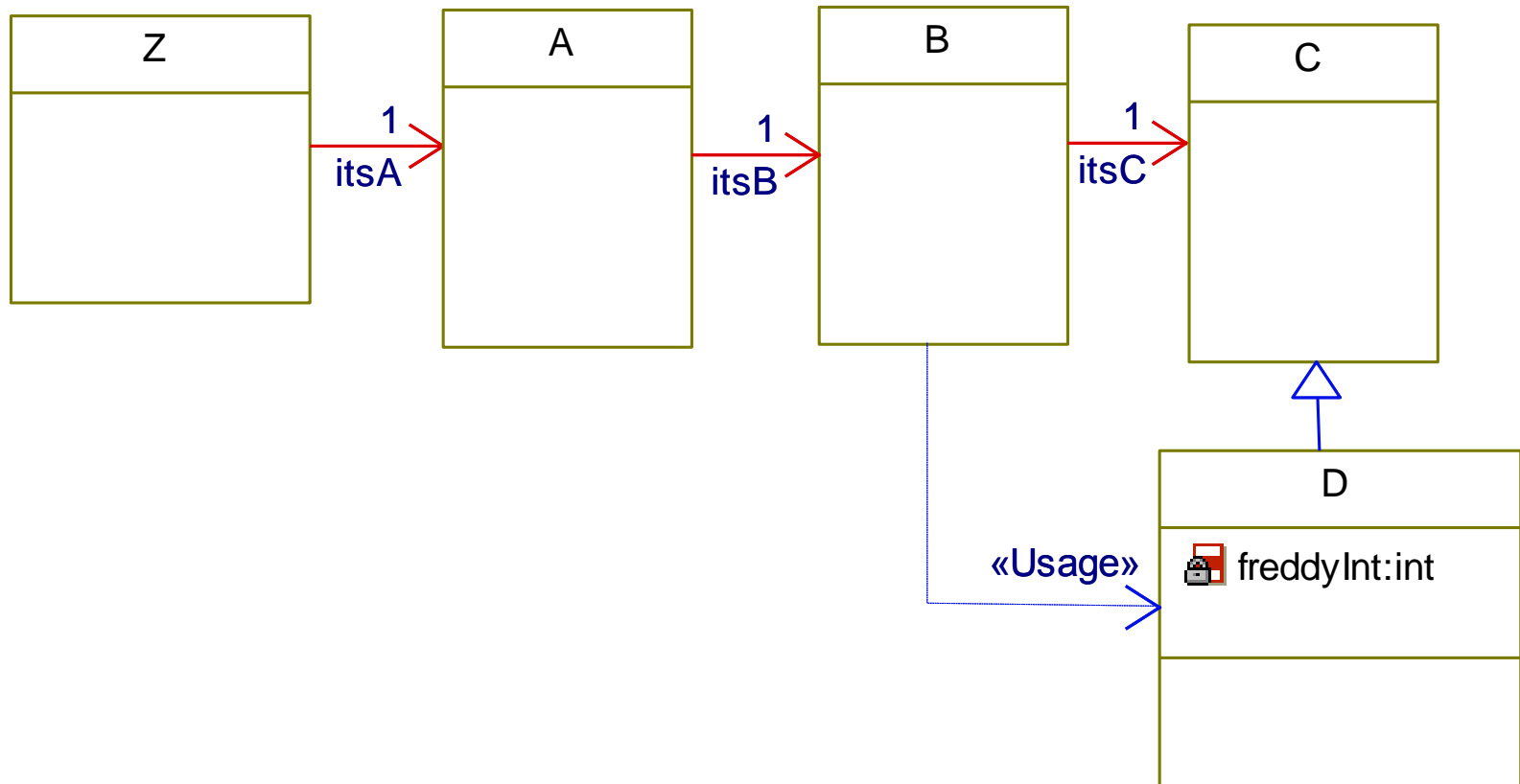


Reciprocity (4)



Domino Effect (1)

- Which files will require recompilation after adding an attribute `int fredrikaInt` to class D?
- answer (sic) “What you see is all there is” **WYSIWTI**



Domino Effect (2)

- What happens when freddy opens (and then closes) the door?

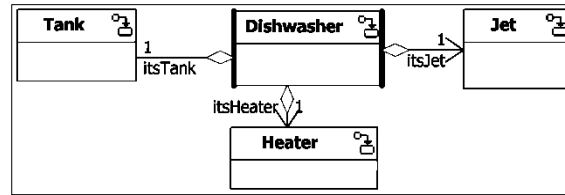


Figure 13: Dishwasher controller and subsystems.

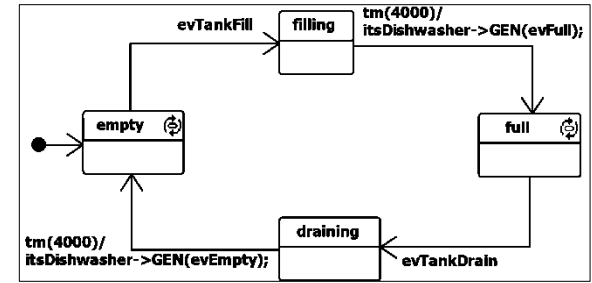


Figure 15: Tank subsystem statechart.

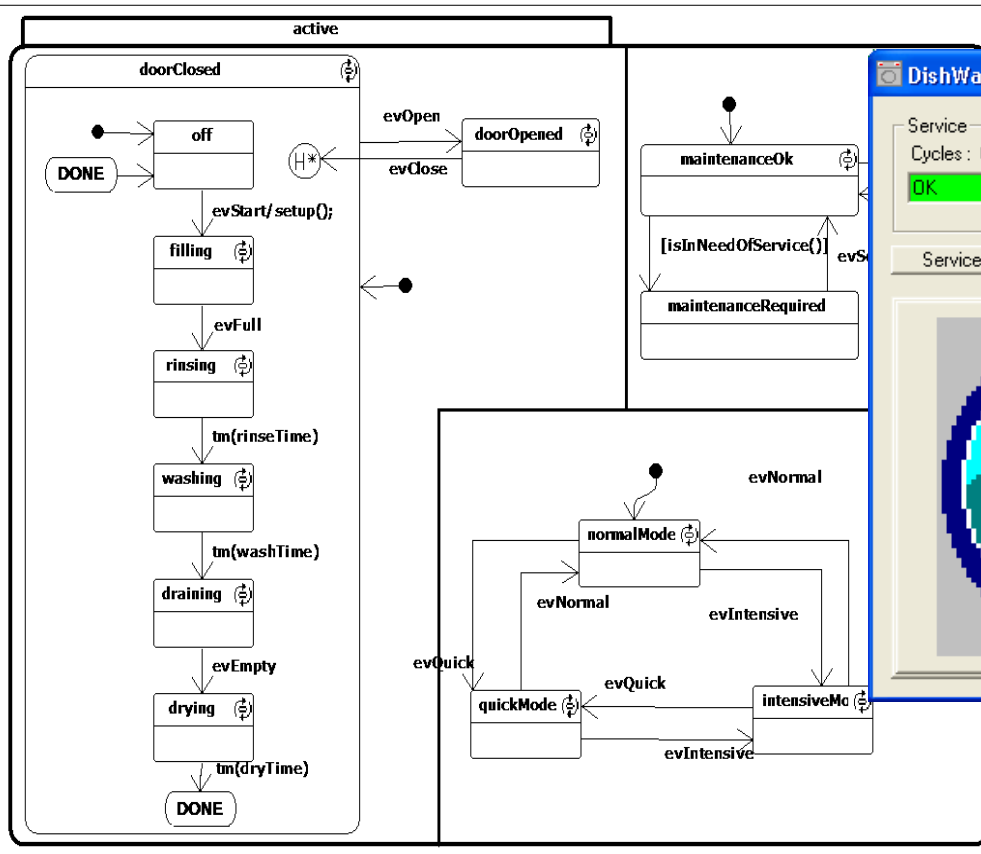


Figure 14: Dishwasher controller statechart.

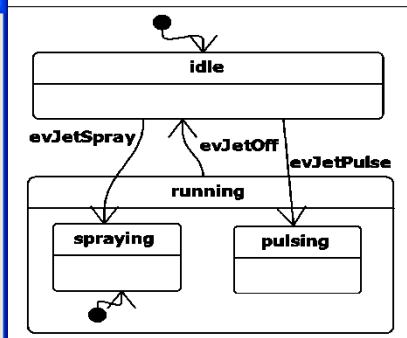
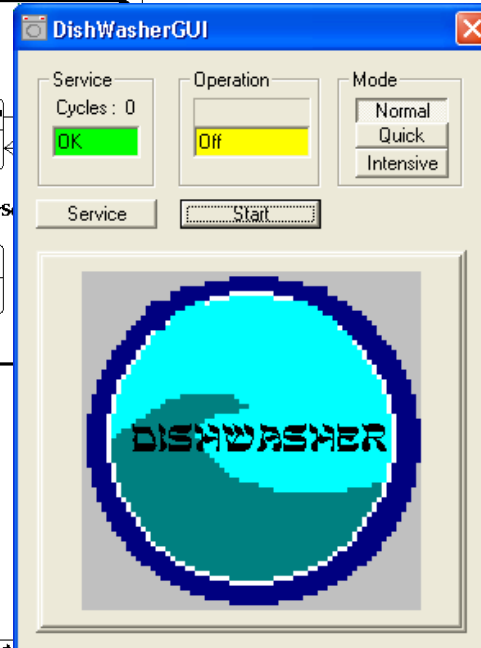


Figure 16: Jet subsystem statechart.

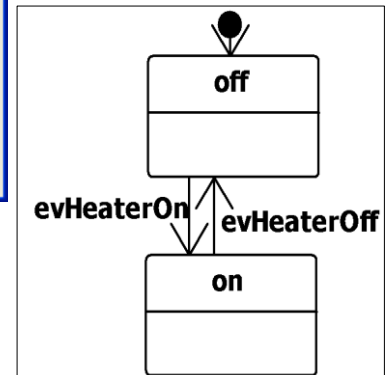
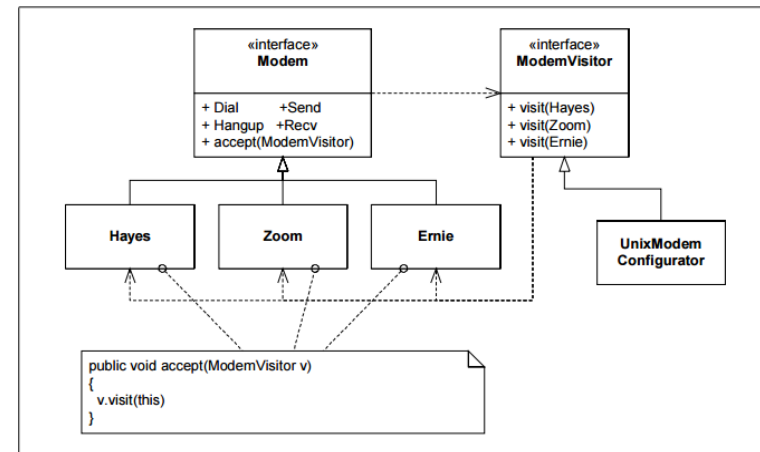
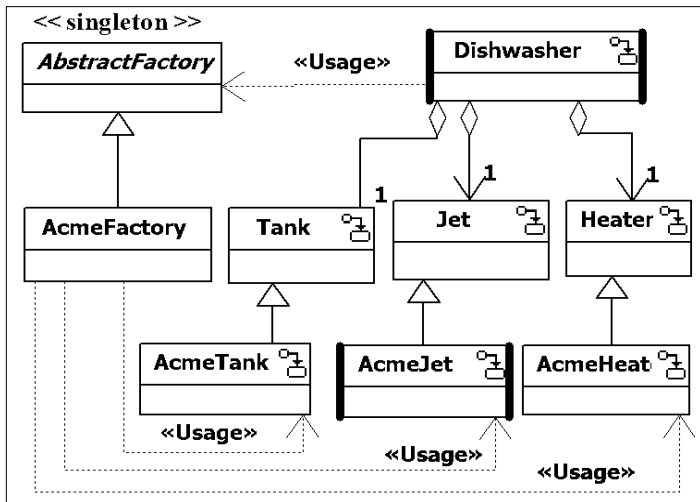
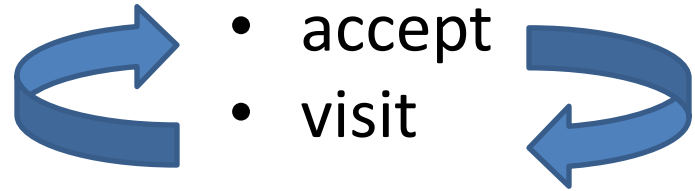


Figure 17: Heater subsystem statechart.

Weak Priming->Mediterranean salad

- Singleton Method for Abstract Factory
- Non-singleton factory method
- Singleton factory method



Strong Priming-> right answer to the wrong question

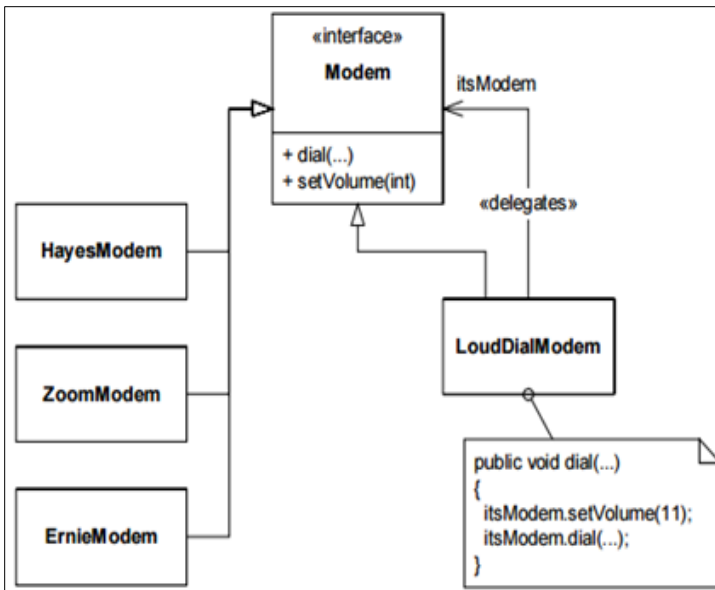


Figure 3: Modem with Decorator Pattern

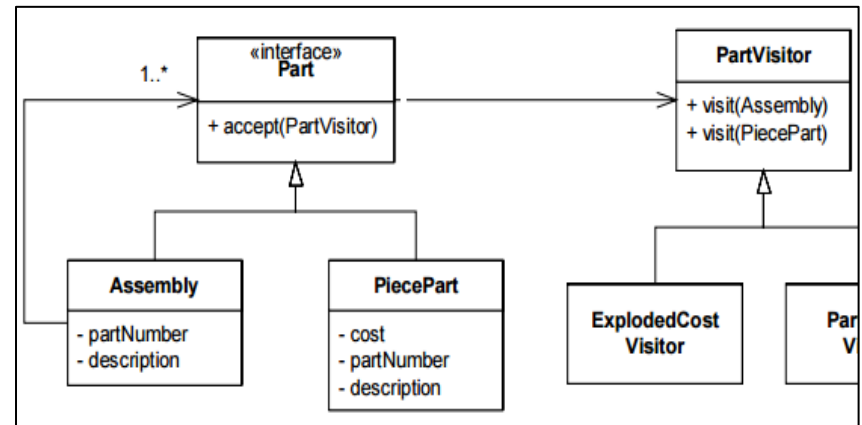
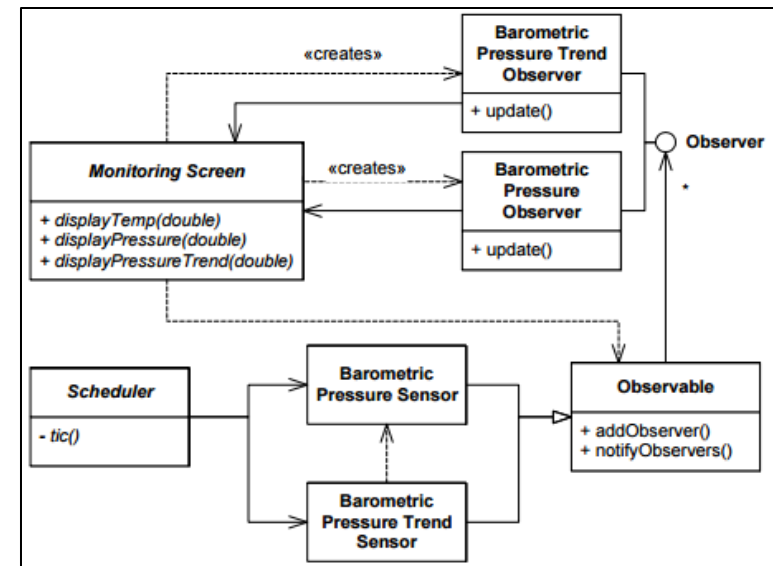
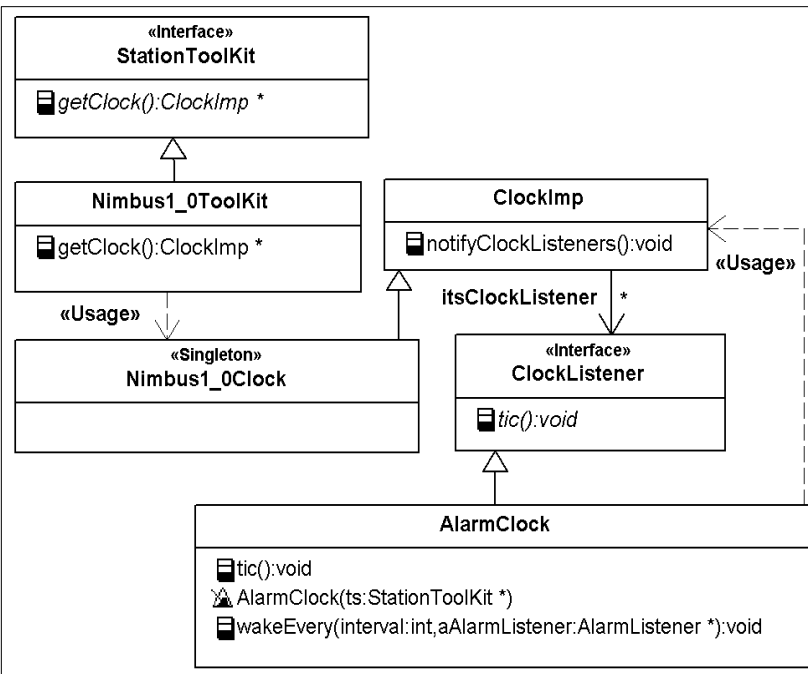
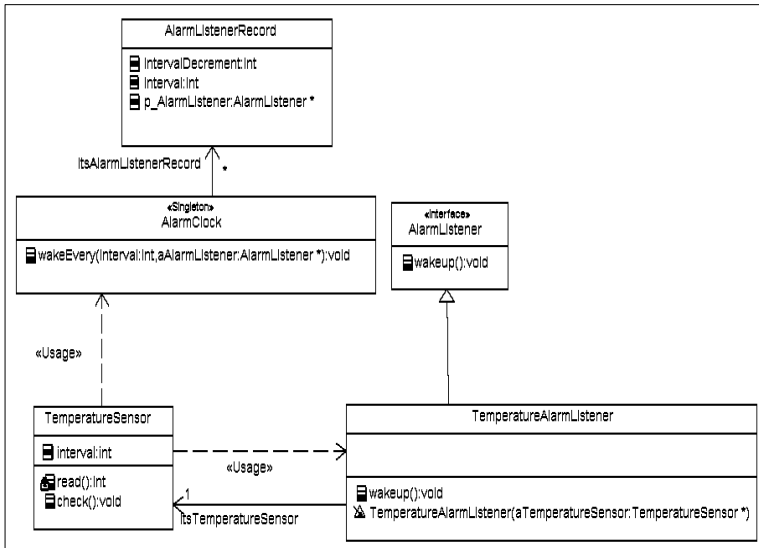
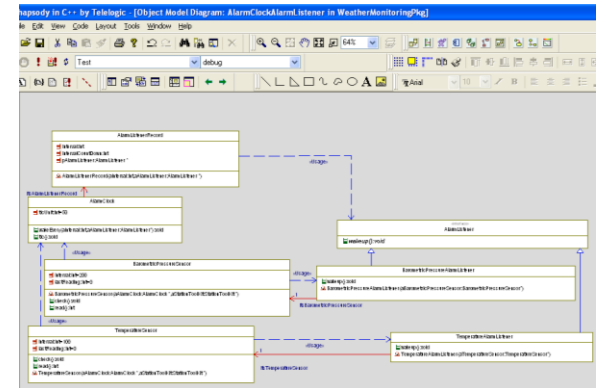
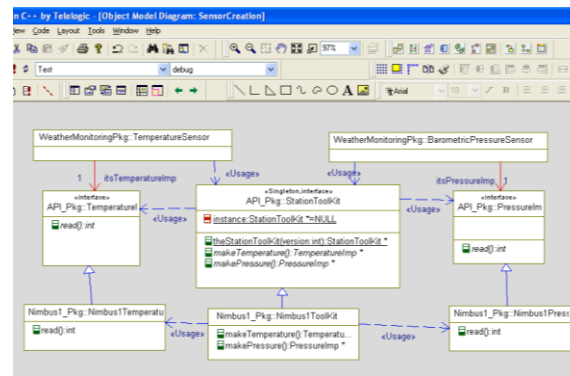
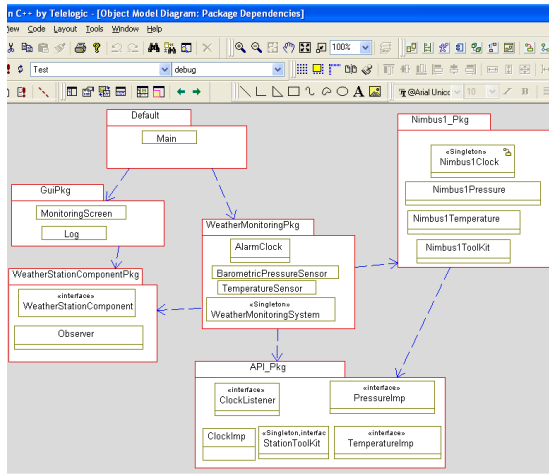
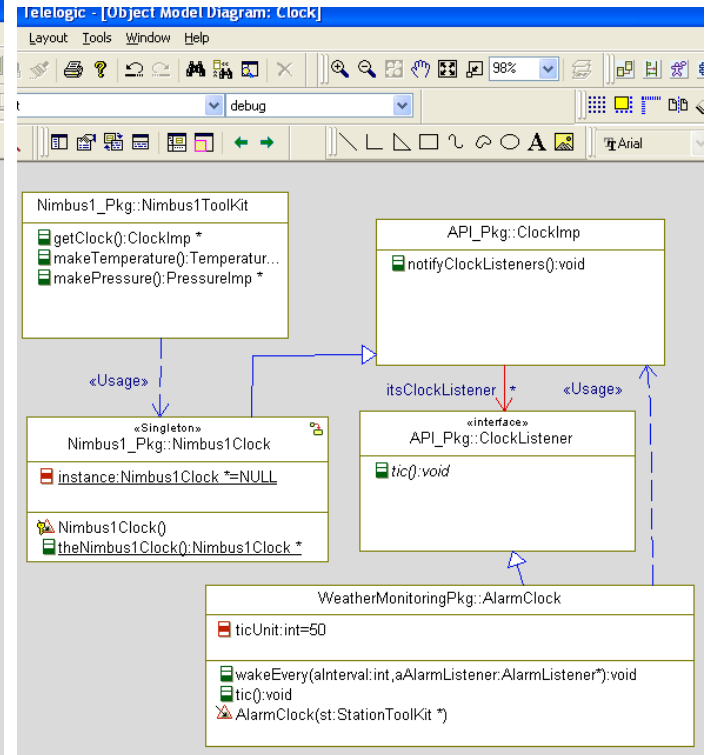
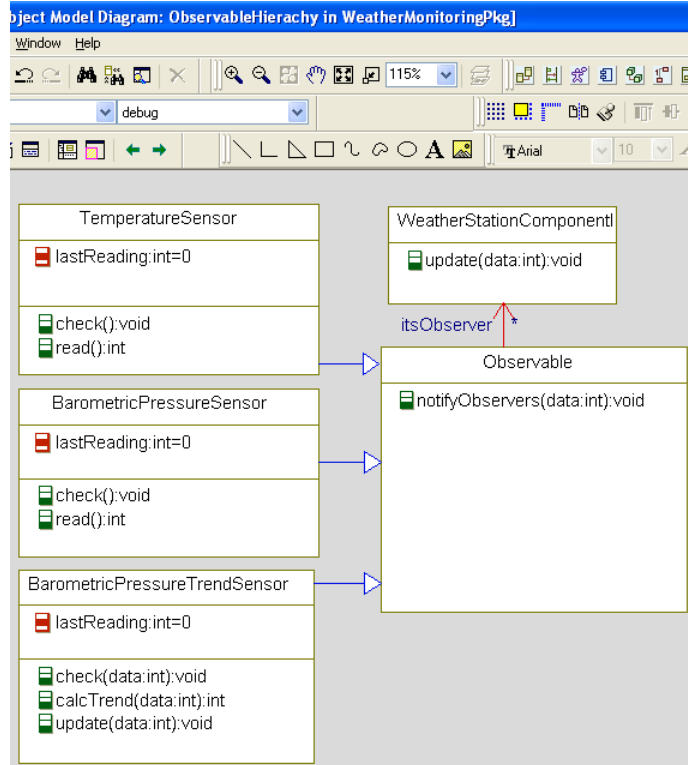


Figure 4: Visitor Pattern to Generate Report on Composite

Opposite Roles



System Construction



Discussion

- student population endowed with highly developed **rational** faculties which must often defer to **intuition** due to constraints on **effort** and **attention** that can be devoted to studies provides a fertile laboratory in which to examine the role of **System 1**, **System 2**, **priming** and **WYSIATI** in the learning process
- Data mining from scanned exam booklets
 - collected from many nations, disciplines and cultures.
 - develop a rich taxonomy of error types;
 - correlate different error types (e.g., does a student who has trouble differentiating between similar problem types, also have problems with priming?);
 - Data must be adjusted for cultural bias, educational methods, discipline types, etc.
- Course modules tailored per cognitive abilities?
- Whereas in academia failure to account for cognitive variation affects only grade point average, in mission and/or safety critical systems the costs could and have been much higher. We envision tailoring employee training and work assignments according to cognitive characteristics. This however could be a sensitive issue. Just as there is opposition to genetic testing to determine health insurance premiums, there would be considerable, and in our mind justifiable opposition to cognitive testing as a criterion for hiring and advancement.